



امان
ذرا کمتر حافظ انس نظر





AUL

MODULE 13



ASAL MASLAY KI QISMAIN

1. Masla-e-aadilah (ya'ani ashaab-ul-faraaiz ke sihaam ka majmoo'a asal maslay ke barabar ho)

2. Masla-e-aa'ilah (ya'ani ashaab-ul-faraaiz ke sihaam ka majmoo'a asal maslay se zayed ho)

Is soorat main aul hogा. (Tafseel: 'Aul ke Masayel' main)

3. Masla-e-naqisah (ya'ani ashaab-ul-faraaiz ke sihaam ka majmoo'a asal maslay se kam ho)

Is soorat main baaqi bachnay wala maal asaba ko al-aqrab fal-aqrab ke mutabiq milay ga. Aur agar asaba maujood na hon to radd hogा.

(Tafseel: 'Radd ke Masayel' main)

مثال

اصل یہ ہونا چاہئے تھا

6	=	275	6	8	8	6	
1	=	275	6	1.33	1	1	ماں 1/6
3	=	275	6	4	3	3	شہر 1/2
4	=	75	6	5.33	4	4	دو بھنیں 2/3
8					8	8	



AUL

Laghwi ma'ani: ziyaadti, istilaahan: **zyadatun fi-s sihaami wa naqsun fi-l an'sibaa'I** (زيادة في السهام ونقص في الأنصباء) ya'ani sihaam main ziyaadti aur (us ke nateejay main) hisas ki kami...
(ziyadatu furu'di-l mis'alati 'alaa a'slihaa [زيادة فرض المسألة على أصلها]



KIN USOOL PAR AUL AA SAKTA HAI?

Aul aa sakta hai: **6, 12, 24**

Aul nahi aa sakta: **2, 3, 4, 8**

- **Chhay (6)**

Maslan: (shauhar, behan, allaati behan), (maa, shauhar, behan, ikhyaaf behan), (shauhar, 2 behnain, ikhyaafi behnain), (dadi, shauhar, 2 allaati behnain, 1 ikhyaafi bhai)

- **Baarah (12)**

Maslan: (nani, biwi, 2 behnain), (maa, shauhar, 2 betiyan, baap), (dadi, biwi, haqeeqi behan, allaati behan, khyaafi behan, ikhyaafi bhai)

- **Chaaubis (24)**

Maslan: (maa, biwi, 2 betiyan, baap), (maa, biwi, 2 behnain, 2 ikhyaafi bhai, (beta kaafir))