



# الحجاء اور اسلام

Islam

Atheism

انسٹرکٹر: حماس اشرف



# COURSE KA TA'ARUF



TAREEQA-E-TADREES



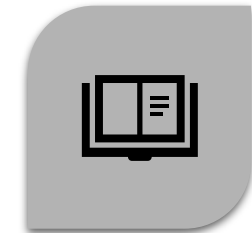
BEHAS PAR MABNI



HUMESHA NOTICE  
LAIN



COURSE OUTLINE



MAWAAD BARAYE  
REFERENCE



# ILHAAD KIA HAI?





# AAP PEHLAY SE KIA JANTAY HAIN?

ILHAAD KIA HAI?

KIA YE AIK MASLA HAI?

AAP KO ZAATI TAUR PAR KIS CHEEZ KA SAMNA  
KARNA PARHA HAI?



# ILHAAD KIA HAI?

- Tareekh main taqreeban tamaam mazaahib ke darmiyaan do (2) barhay nazriyaat paaye jatay hain (jin mian kuch ikhtilafaat hain):
  1. Khuda/khudaon ka tasawwur
  2. Khuda/khudaon ke numaenday ya us ke mazaahir ka tasawwur
- Khuda makhklooq ko takhleeq karnay ke baad us se ghaafil nahi hai
- Sahih aur ghalat ki tafheem/ikhlaqiyaat
- Fitrat [ye zaroori nahi ke wo (fitrat) aadat/qudrat (nature) hi ho]
- Nataaयेj/anjaam ki tafheem (fitrat main maujood)





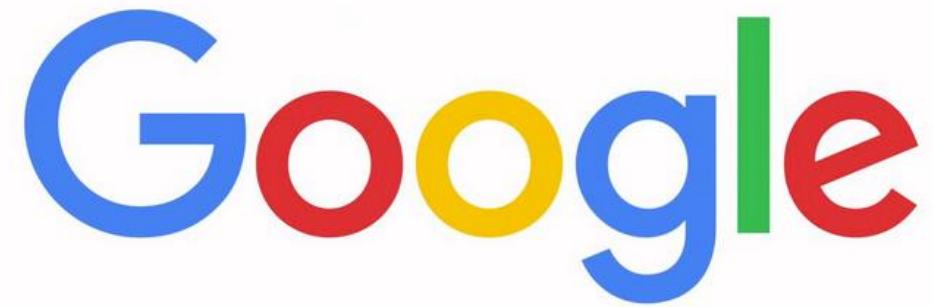
# ISLAM MAIN KHUDA KA TASAWWUR

- Islam main khuda ki tareef kia hai?
- Surah Ikhlaas
- “Wo khuda aik (1) hai, khuda abdi hai, na us se jana gaya, na wo paida hua, koi us ka hamsar nahi”
- Is ke ilawa humain ye maloom hota hai ke hum kis qisam ke mazhab hain:
- [Wo aasmanon aur zameen ka muujid hai aur jis baat ka wo faisla karta hai, us ke liye bas ye hukm deta hai ke “ho ja” aur wo ho jati hai. [Surah al-Baqarah: 117]
- [Hum ne har ummat main rasool bheja ke (logon!) sirf Allah ki ibaadat karo aur is ke siwa tamaam maboodon se bacho [16:36]
- Humain is se maloon hota hai ke:
- Wo (Allah) khaaliq hai
- Wo (Allah) insaanon ki taraf peghambar bhejta hai



# ILHAAD KI TAREEF

- Ilhaad aik aqeedah hai ke koi khuda ya mabood nahi hai
- [Julian Baggini, Atheism: A Very Short Introduction, (Oxford University Press)]
- Humain is baat par aitraaz hai!
- Ye (ilhaad) koi aqeedah nahi hai! Balkay ye tou aqeeday ki kami hai!
- Dekhain! Google bhi aisa hi kehta hai



[https://en.wikipedia.org › wiki › Atheism](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Atheism) ⋮

## Atheism - Wikipedia

**Atheism**, in the broadest sense, is an absence of belief in the existence of deities. ... Less broadly, **atheism** is a rejection of the belief that any deities exist ...

[History](#) · [Negative and positive atheism](#) · [Lists of atheists](#) · [Demographics](#)

[https://www.atheists.org › Activism › Resources](https://www.atheists.org/Activism/Resources) ⋮

## What is Atheism? - American Atheists

**Atheism** is one thing: A lack of belief in gods. It is not an affirmative belief that there is no god nor does it answer any other question about a person.





## 1. Definitions of “Atheism”

The word “atheism” is polysemous—it has multiple related meanings. In the psychological sense of the word, atheism is a psychological state, specifically the state of being an atheist, where an atheist is defined as someone who is not a theist and a theist is defined as someone who believes that God exists (or that there are gods). This generates the following definition: atheism is the psychological state of lacking the belief that God exists. In philosophy, however, and more specifically in the philosophy of religion, the term “atheism” is standardly used to refer to the proposition that God does not exist (or, more broadly, to the proposition that there are no gods). Thus, to be an atheist on this definition, it does not suffice to suspend judgment on whether there is a God, even though that implies a lack of theistic belief. Instead, one must deny that God exists. This metaphysical sense of the word is preferred over other senses, including the psychological sense, not just by theistic philosophers, but by many (though not all) atheists in philosophy as well. For example, Robin Le Poidevin writes, “An *atheist* is one who denies the existence of a personal, transcendent creator of the universe, rather than one who simply lives his life without reference to such a being” (1996: xvii). J. L. Schellenberg says that “in philosophy, the atheist is not just someone who doesn’t accept theism, but more strongly someone who opposes it.” In other words, it is “the denial of theism, the claim that there is no God” (2019: 5).

This definition is also found in multiple encyclopedias and dictionaries of philosophy. For example, in the *Concise Routledge Encyclopedia of Philosophy*, William L. Rowe (also an atheist) writes, “Atheism is the position that affirms the nonexistence of God. It proposes positive disbelief rather than mere suspension of belief” (2000: 62). The *Cambridge Dictionary of Philosophy* recognizes multiple senses of the word “atheism”, but is clear about which is standard in philosophy:

[Atheism is] the view that there are no gods. A widely used sense denotes merely not believing in god and is consistent with agnosticism [in the psychological sense]. A stricter sense denotes a belief that there is no god; this use has become *standard*. (Pojman 2015, emphasis added)

Interestingly, the *Encyclopedia of Philosophy* recommends a slight broadening of the standard definition of “atheist”. It still requires rejection of belief in God as opposed to merely lacking that belief, but the basis for the rejection need not be that theism is false. For example, it might instead be that it is meaningless.

MAHIREEN  
-E-  
TALEEM  
BAMUQABLA  
AAM ADMI



# ILHAAD KI IQSAAM (JOHN GRAY)

**John Nicholas Gray** (pedaish 17 April 1948) aik (1) angrez falsafi aur msannif hain. Apni kitaab ”Seven Types of Atheism” main unhon ne mulhidon ki iqsaam ki tareef ki hai.

1. New Atheism/ Naya Ilhaad
2. Secular humanism
3. Scientism
4. Political Atheism/ Siyaasi Ilhaad
5. Misotheism
6. Anti-progress (meaningless)/ taraqqi mukhaalif (be-ma’ani)
7. Atheism of Silence/ Khaamoshi ka Ilhaad



# ILHAAD KI TEEN (3) BARHI IQSAAM

- Gnosticism: Gnostic mulhid (tamaam qisam ki mabaad at-tabi'aat (metaphysics) ko mustarad kartay hain, aur un ka manna hai ke fitrat ke qawaneen hi sab kuch (sara nizam) chalatay hain)
- Agnosticism: In ka kehna hai ke shayad khuda hai ya shayad nahi (hum nahi jaan saktay)
- Deism: In ka kehna hai aik (1) khaliq tou hai (lekin to takhleeq main mudaakhilat nahi karta) [watchmaker theory] (bazariya William Paley)

## Adherents in 2020

Religion	Adherents	Percentage
Christianity	2.382 billion	31.11% <sup>[1]</sup>
Islam	1.907 billion	24.9% <sup>[1]</sup>
Secular <sup>[a]</sup> /Nonreligious <sup>[b]</sup> /Agnostic/Atheist	1.193 billion	15.58%
Hinduism	1.161 billion	15.16%
Buddhism	506 million	5.06%
Chinese traditional religion <sup>[c]</sup>	394 million	5%
Ethnic religions excluding some in separate categories	300 million	3%
African traditional religions	100 million <sup>[4]</sup>	1.2%
Sikhism	26 million	0.30%
Spiritism	15 million	0.19%
Judaism	14.7 million <sup>[5]</sup>	0.18%

